

Wet Priming Centrifugal Pumps Do's and Don'ts

Pump Series: HT, TS, ST, T

DO:

- 1. Consult the engine & pump manufacturer's instructions <u>before</u> starting the unit
- 2. Follow all safety, health & environmental rules and procedures.
- 3. Make sure all guards and shields are in place and secured <u>before</u> starting engine.
- 4. Ensure that the pump is level, stable and secure <u>before</u> starting.
- 5. Keep suction lift to a minimum and support all hoses & piping as needed.
- 6. Avoid air traps in the suction & discharge lines and make sure that suction line is designed with a slight slope to the pump.
- 7. Tighten all suction connections properly use pipe compound or Teflon tape on all threads.
- 8. Use only good hose gaskets and good quality, reinforced suction hose.
- 9. Use a strainer when open pumping and keep it clean and free from obstructions.
- 10. Check fuel supply verify adequate fuel level & check for contamination.
- 11. Follow the maintenance schedule as specified in the manual.
- 12. Drain the pump and all hoses & piping during extended periods of non-usage or during freezing weather.
- 13. Allow the pump to cool prior to disconnecting any hoses or draining the pump.
- 14. Ensure wearplate & impeller are in good condition. Impeller to wear-plate gap should be between .015" .030".
- 15. Fill pump with water <u>before</u> starting.

DON'T:

- 1. Allow inexperienced personnel to operate equipment unless they are supervised.
- 2. Forget safety, health & environmental precautions.
- 3. Lift the pump with suction or discharge hoses attached.
- 4. Attempt suction lifts over twenty-five feet.
- 5. Allow the suction line to become clogged or mired in mud.
- 6. Operate the unit while a discharge valve is closed or the discharge line is obstructed.
- 7. Operate the pump at an excessive angle of inclination.
- 8. Run the engine faster or slower than the recommended operating speed range.
- 9. By-pass or disconnect any safety shutdown switches or gauges.
- 10. Allow the engine to run out of fuel.
- 11. Neglect periodic service and maintenance.
- 12. Perform any service or repairs while the engine or the pump end are running or are hot.
- 13. Remove any hose, cover plate or plugs on an overheated pump.
- 14. Overfill the fuel tank.
- 15. Operate pump with excessive clearance between impeller and wearplate.